**INSERT DATE** 

2018

**THE COMPANIES ACT 2006** 

#### A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

#### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

# THE SLOUGH AND EAST BERKSHIRE C OF E MULTI ACADEMY TRUST

**COMPANY NUMBER: 07723151** 

As amended by a special resolution made on

2018

#### **THE COMPANIES ACT 2006**

#### **COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE**

# ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

#### THE SLOUGH AND EAST BERKSHIRE C OF E MULTI ACADEMY TRUST

#### INTERPRETATION

- 1. In these Articles:
  - a. "the Academies" means all the schools referred to in Article 5(h) and established by the Company (and "Academy" shall mean any one of those schools);
  - b. "Academy Financial Year" means the academic year from 1<sup>st</sup> of September to 31<sup>st</sup> of August in any year;
  - c. "Academy Directors" means the Directors appointed pursuant to Articles 51-52 and "Academy Director" shall mean any one of those Directors;
  - d. "Additional Directors" means the Directors appointed pursuant to Article 61 and 61A;
  - e. "the Articles" means these Articles of Association of the Company;
  - f. "Chief Executive Officer" means such person as may be appointed by the Directors as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company;
  - g. "Chief Inspector" means Her Majesty's Chief Inspector of Education, Children's Services and Skills or his successor:
  - h. "clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means the period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day on which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
  - i. "the Company" means, save as otherwise defined at Article 6.9, the company intended to be regulated by these Articles and referred to in Article 2;
  - j. "Diocese" means the Church of England diocese in which the Academies are situated;
  - k. "Diocesan Board of Education" means that body constituted under the Diocesan Boards of Education Measure 1991 for the Diocese and any successor body;

- I. "Diocesan Board of Finance" means the Diocesan Board of Finance for the Diocese;
- m. "the Directors" means, save as otherwise defined at Article 6.9, the directors of the Company (and "Director" means any one of those directors);
- n. "Financial Expert" means an individual, company or firm who is authorised to give investment advice under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000;
- o. "Foundation Director" means the Directors appointed under Article 50;
- p. "Further Directors" means the Directors appointed pursuant to Article 62;
- q. "the LAs" means all the local authorities covering the areas in which the Academies are situated (and "the LA" shall mean any one of these local authorities);
- r. "Local Authority Associated Persons" means any person associated with any local authority within the meaning given in section 69 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989;
- s. "Local Governing Bodies" means the committees appointed pursuant to Articles 100-104 (and "Local Governing Body" means any one of these committees);
- t. "Member" means a member of the Company and someone who as such is bound by the undertaking contained in Article 8;
- u. "the Memorandum" means the Memorandum of Association of the Company;
- v. "Office" means the registered office of the Company;
- w. Not used;
- x. "Principals" means the head teachers of the Academies (and "Principal" means any one of these head teachers);
- y. "Principal Regulator" means the body or person appointed as the Principal Regulator under the Charities Act 2006;
- z. "Relevant Funding Agreements" means the agreement or agreements entered into by the Company and the Secretary of State under section 1 of the Academies Act 2010 for the establishment of each Academy, including any variation or supplemental agreements thereof;
- aa. "Scheme of Delegation" means an instrument by the Directors delegating such powers and responsibilities of the Directors as may be appropriate for them to delegate to the Local Governing Bodies consistently with the Objects;

- bb. "the seal" means the common seal of the Company if it has one;
- cc. "Secretary" means the secretary of the Company or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the Company, including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary;
- dd. "Secretary of State" means the Secretary of State for Education or successor;
- ee. Sponsor" means (if the Company has been recognised by the Secretary of State as the sponsor, supporter or promoter, where appropriate, of any Supported Academy) the Company acting as the sponsor, supporter or promoter of a Supported Academy;
- ff. Staff Director" means an employee of the Company who may be appointed as a Director pursuant to Article 50A, 50B;
- gg. "Supported Academy" means an Academy which is either sponsored or supported by the Sponsor from time to time and whilst it is so sponsored or supported as determined by the Directors;
- hh. "Teacher" means a person employed under a contract of employment or a contract for services or otherwise engaged to provide his services as a teacher at one or more Academies;
- ii. "Trustees" means those trustees holding the schools' sites and providing them to the Academy Trust for use and occupation by the Academies;
- ij. "the United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland;
- kk. words importing the masculine gender only shall include the feminine gender. Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and vice versa;
- II. subject as aforesaid, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall, unless the context requires otherwise, bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006, as appropriate;
- mm. any reference to a statute or statutory provision or measure shall include any statute or statutory provision or measure which replaces or supersedes such statute or statutory provision or measure including any modification or amendment thereto.
- 2. The Company's name is THE SLOUGH AND EAST BERKSHIRE C OF E MULTI

ACADEMY TRUST (and in this document it is called "the Company").

3. The Company's registered office is to be situated in England and Wales.

**OBJECTS** 

4. The Company's object ("the **Object**") is specifically restricted to the following: to advance

for the public benefit education in the United Kingdom, in particular but without prejudice

to the generality of the foregoing by establishing, maintaining, carrying on, managing

and developing Academies which shall offer a broad and balanced curriculum and which

shall include

a) Church of England schools designated as such which shall be conducted in

accordance with the principles, practices and tenets of the Church of England

including any trust deed governing the use of land used by an Academy both

generally and in particular in relation to arranging for religious education and daily

acts of worship (as required by the relevant Funding Agreement) and having regard

to any advice and following directives issued by the Diocesan Board of Education;

and

b) other Academies whether with or without a designated religious character; but in

relation to each of the Academies to recognise and support their individual character

and respect the different background of each and its links to the local community

which it serves.

5. In furtherance of the Object but not further or otherwise the Company may exercise the

following powers:-

(a) to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills,

cheques and other instruments, and to operate bank accounts in the name of the

Company;

(b) to raise funds and to invite and receive contributions provided that in raising funds

the Company shall not undertake any substantial permanent trading activities and

shall conform to any relevant statutory regulations;

(c) (subject to such further consents as may be required by law or as may be required

from the Trustees as landlords/licensors where this is the case) to acquire, alter,

improve and charge or otherwise dispose of property;

18 September 2012 V1 31926/2/210513153922.docx VN 1 210513 15-39-00

(d) subject to Article 6 below to employ such staff, as are necessary for the proper pursuit

of the Object (including the maintenance of an effective Church of England ethos)

and to make all reasonable and necessary provision for the payments of pensions

and superannuation to staff and their dependants;

(e) to establish or support, whether financially or otherwise, any charitable trusts,

associations or institutions formed for all or any of the Object;

(f) to co-operate with other charities, other independent and maintained schools,

voluntary bodies and statutory authorities operating in furtherance of the Object and

to exchange information and advice with them;

(g) to pay out of funds of the Company the costs, charges and expenses of and

incidental to the formation and registration of the Company;

(h) to establish, maintain, carry on, manage and develop the Academies at locations to

be determined by the Directors (including to act as Sponsor of a Supported

Academy);

(i) to offer scholarships, exhibitions, prizes and awards to pupils and former pupils, and

otherwise to encourage and assist pupils and former pupils:

(j) to provide educational facilities and services to students of all ages and the wider

community for the public benefit;

(k) to carry out research into the development and application of new techniques in

education in particular in relation to the areas of curricular specialisation of each of

the Academies and to their approach to curriculum development and delivery and to

publish the results of such research, and to develop means of benefiting from

application of the experience of industry, commerce, other schools and the voluntary

sector to the education of pupils in academies;

(I) subject to such consents as may be required from the Trustees or otherwise required

by law and/or by any contract entered into by or on behalf of the Company, to borrow

and raise money for the furtherance of the Object in such manner and on such

security as the Company may think fit;

(m) to deposit or invest any funds of the Company not immediately required for the

furtherance of its object (but to invest only after obtaining such advice from a financial

18 September 2012 V1

expert as the Directors consider necessary and having regard to the suitability of investments and the need for diversification);

- (n) to delegate the management of investments to a financial expert, but only on terms that:
  - (i) the investment policy is set down in writing for the financial expert by the Directors:
  - (ii) every transaction is reported promptly to the Directors;
  - (iii) the performance of the investments is reviewed regularly with the Directors;
  - (iv) the Directors are entitled to cancel the delegation arrangement at any time;
  - (v) the investment policy and the delegation arrangement are reviewed at least once a year;
  - (vi) all payments due to the financial expert are on a scale or at a level which is agreed in advance and are notified promptly to the Directors on receipt; and
  - (vii) the financial expert must not do anything outside the powers of the Directors;
- (o) to arrange for investments or other property of the Company to be held in the name of a nominee company acting under the control of the Directors or of a financial expert acting under their instructions, and to pay any reasonable fee required;
- (p) to provide indemnity insurance to cover the liability of Directors and the members of any Local Governing Body (to the extent necessary) which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to them in respect of any negligence, default, breach of trust or breach of duty of which they may be guilty in relation to the Company: Provided that any such insurance shall not extend to any claim arising from any act or omission which the Directors or members of the relevant Local Governing Body knew to be a breach of trust or breach of duty or which was committed by the Directors or members of the relevant Local Governing Body in reckless disregard of whether it was a breach of trust or breach of duty or not and provided also that any such insurance shall not extend to the costs of any unsuccessful defence to a criminal prosecution brought against the Directors or members of the relevant Local Governing Body in their capacity as Directors or the members of the Directors;
- (q) to establish subsidiary companies to carry on any trade or business for the purpose of raising funds for the Company;

(r) to do all such other lawful things as are necessary for or are incidental to or conducive to the achievement of the Object and appropriate to the religious character of the

Academy.

6.1 The income and property of the Company shall be applied solely towards the promotion

of the Object.

6.2 None of the income or property of the Company may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any member of the

Company. Nonetheless a Member of the Company who is not also a Director may:

- a) benefit as a beneficiary of the Company;
- b) be paid reasonable and proper remuneration for any goods or services supplied to

the Company;

c) be paid rent for premises let by the Member of the Company if the amount of the rent

and other terms of the letting are reasonable and proper; and

d) be paid interest on money lent to the Company at a reasonable and proper rate, such

rate not to exceed 2 per cent per annum below the base lending rate of a UK clearing

bank selected by the Directors, or 0.5%, whichever is the higher.

6.3 A Director may benefit from any indemnity insurance purchased at the Company's

expense to cover the liability of the Directors which by virtue of any rule of law would

otherwise attach to them in respect of any negligence, default or breach of trust or breach

of duty of which they may be guilty in relation to the Company: Provided that any such

insurance shall not extend to any claim arising from any act or omission which Directors

knew to be a breach of trust or breach of duty or which was committed by the Directors

in reckless disregard to whether it was a breach of trust or breach of duty or not and

provided also that any such insurance shall not extend to the costs of any unsuccessful

defence to a criminal prosecution brought against the Directors in their capacity as

directors of the Company.

6.4 A company, which has shares listed on a recognised stock exchange and of which any

one Director holds no more than 1% of the issued capital of that company, may receive

fees, remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth from the Company.

6.5 A Director may at the discretion of the Directors be reimbursed from the property of the Company for reasonable expenses properly incurred by him or her when acting on behalf of the Company, but excluding expenses in connection with foreign travel.

#### 6.6 No Director may:

- (a) buy any goods or services from the Company;
- (b) sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the Company;
- (c) be employed by, or receive any remuneration from the Company (other than the Chief Executive Officer);
- (d) receive any other financial benefit from the Company unless:
  - (i) the payment is permitted by Article 6.7 and the Directors follow the procedure and observe the conditions set out in Article 6.8; or
  - (ii) the Directors obtain the prior written approval of the Charity Commission and fully comply with any procedures it prescribes.

# 6.7 Subject to Article 6.8, a Director may:

- a) receive a benefit from the Company in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Company.
- b) be employed by the Company or enter into a contract for the supply of goods or services to the Company, other than for acting as a Director.
- c) receive interest on money lent to the Company at a reasonable and proper rate not exceeding 2% per annum below the base rate of a clearing bank to be selected by the Directors, or 0.5%, whichever is the higher.
- d) receive rent for premises let by the Director to the Company if the amount of the rent and the other terms of the lease are reasonable and proper.
- 6.8 The Company and its Directors may only rely upon the authority provided by Article 6.7 if each of the following conditions is satisfied:
  - (a) the remuneration or other sums paid to the Director do not exceed an amount that is reasonable in all the circumstances.
  - (b) the Director is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is discussion of:
    - i. his or her employment, remuneration, or any matter concerning the contract, payment or benefit; or
    - ii. his or her performance in the employment, or his or her performance of the

- contract (unless present solely in his capacity as an employee); or
- iii. any proposal to enter into any other contract or arrangement with him or her or to confer any benefit upon him or her that would be permitted under Article6.7; or
- iv. any other matter relating to a payment or the conferring of any benefit permitted by Article 6.7.
- (c) the Director does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of Directors is present at the meeting.
- (d) save in relation to employing or contracting with the Chief Executive Officer (a Director pursuant to Article 57) the other Directors are satisfied that it is in the interests of the Company to employ or to contract with that Director rather than with someone who is not a Director. In reaching that decision the Directors must balance the advantage of employing a Director against the disadvantages of doing so (especially the loss of the Director's services as a result of dealing with the Director's conflict of interest).
- (e) the reason for their decision is recorded by the Directors in the minute book.
- (f) A majority of the Directors then in office have received no such payments or benefit.
- 6.8A The provision in Article 6.6 (c) that no Director may be employed by or receive any remuneration from the Company (other than the Chief Executive Officer) does not apply to an employee of the Company who is subsequently elected or appointed as a Director save that this Article shall only allow such a Director to receive remuneration or benefit from the Company in his capacity as an employee of the Company and provided that the procedure as set out in Articles 6.8(b)(i), (ii) and 6.8 (c) is followed.

#### 6.9 In Articles 6.2-6.9:

- (a) "company" shall include any company in which the Company:
  - holds more than 50% of the shares; or
  - controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares; or
  - has the right to appoint one or more Directors to the Board of the company.
- (b) "Director" shall include any child, stepchild, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother,

sister or spouse of the Director or any person living with the Director as his or her partner.

- (c) the employment or remuneration of a Director includes the engagement or remuneration of any firm or company in which the Director is:
  - (i) a partner;
  - (ii) an employee;
  - (iii) a consultant;
  - (iv) a director;
  - (v) a member; or
  - (vi) a shareholder, unless the shares of the company are listed on a recognised stock exchange and the Director holds less than 1% of the issued capital.
- 7. The liability of the members of the Company is limited.
- 8. Every Member of the Company undertakes to contribute such amount as may be required (not exceeding £10) to the Company's assets if it should be wound up while he or she is a Member or within one year after he or she ceases to be a Member, for payment of the Company's debts and liabilities before he or she ceases to be a Member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.
- 9. If the Company is wound up or dissolved and after all its debts and liabilities (including any under section 2 of the Academies Act 2010) have been satisfied there remains any property it shall not be paid to or distributed among the Members of the Company (except to a member who is itself a charity), but shall be given or transferred to some other charity or charities having objects similar to the Object which prohibits the distribution of its or their income and property to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Company by Article 6 above, chosen by the Members of the Company at or before the time of dissolution and if that cannot be done then to some other charitable object.
- 10. No alteration or addition shall be made to or in the provisions of the Memorandum and/or Articles without the written consent of the Diocesan Board of Education following consultation with the Trustees.

11. No alteration or addition shall be made to or in the provisions of the Articles which would

have the effect (a) that the Company would cease to be a company to which section 60

of the Companies Act 2006 applies; or (b) that the Company would cease to be a charity;

or (c) that in respect of any Church of England Academy it might weaken the

maintenance of an effective Church of England ethos at that Academy.

**MEMBERS** 

12. The Members of the Company shall comprise:

a. the signatories to the Memorandum (who shall be the persons specified in Articles

12b, 12c and 12d);

b. The Diocesan Board of Education;

c. the Bishop of Buckingham or his nominee and in the case of a vacancy in the See of

Buckingham, or the incapacity of the said Bishop, the nominee of the Bishop

exercising the episcopal functions of that See;

d. one person appointed by the Diocesan Board of Education;

e. one person appointed by The King's College of Our Lady of Eton beside Windsor;

f. the chairman of the Directors; and

g. any person appointed under Article 16.

13. Each of the persons entitled to appoint Members in Article 12 shall have the right from

time to time by written notice delivered to the Office to remove any Member appointed

by them and to appoint a replacement Member to fill a vacancy whether resulting from

such removal or otherwise.

14. If any of the persons entitled to appoint Members in Article 12:

a) in the case of an individual, die or become legally incapacitated;

b) in the case of a corporate entity, cease to exist and are not replaced by a successor

institution; or

18 September 2012 V1 31926/2/210513153922.docx VN 1 210513 15-39-00

c) becomes insolvent or makes any arrangement or composition with their creditors

generally,

their right to appoint Members under these Articles shall vest in the remaining Members.

15. Membership will terminate automatically if:

a) a Member (which is a corporate entity) ceases to exist and is not replaced by a

successor institution;

b) a Member (which is an individual) dies or becomes incapable by reason of mental

disorder, illness or injury of managing and administering his or her own affairs; or

c) a Member becomes insolvent or makes any arrangement or composition with that

Member's creditors generally.

16. The Members with the written consent of the Diocesan Board of Education may agree

unanimously in writing to appoint such additional Members as they think fit and may

unanimously (save that the agreement of the Member(s) to be removed shall not be

required) in writing agree to remove any such additional Members.

17. Every person nominated to be a Member of the Company shall either sign a written

consent to become a Member or sign the register of Members on becoming a Member.

18. Any Member may resign provided that after such resignation the number of Members is

not less than three. A Member shall cease to be one immediately on the receipt by the

Company of a notice in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to remove him

under Articles 13 or 16 provided that no such notice shall take effect when the number

of Members is less than three unless it contains or is accompanied by the appointment

of a replacement Member.

**GENERAL MEETINGS** 

19. The Company shall hold an Annual General Meeting each year in addition to any other

meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; and

not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General

Meeting of the Company and that of the next. Provided that so long as the Company

holds its first Annual General Meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need

not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The Annual General

Meeting shall be held at such time and place as the Directors shall appoint. All general

meetings other than Annual General Meetings shall be called General Meetings.

20. The Directors may call general meetings and, on the requisition of Members pursuant to

the provisions of the Companies Act 2006, shall forthwith proceed to convene a general

meeting in accordance with that Act. If there are not within the United Kingdom

sufficient Directors to call a general meeting, any Director or any Member of the

Company may call a general meeting.

**NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS** 

21. General meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days' notice but a general

meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of

Members having a right to attend and vote and together representing not less than 90%

of the total voting rights at that meeting.

The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the

business to be transacted and, in the case of an Annual General Meeting, shall specify

the meeting as such. The notice shall also state that the Member is entitled to appoint a

proxy.

The notice shall be given to all the Members, to the Directors and auditors.

22. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a

meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at

that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

23. No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. A Member

counts towards the quorum by being present either in person or by proxy. Two persons

entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a Member or a proxy of

a Member or a duly authorised representative of a Member organisation shall constitute

a quorum.

24. If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or

if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned

to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place

as the Directors may determine.

25. The chairman, if any, of the Directors or in his absence some other Member nominated

18 September 2012 V1 31926/2/210513153922.docx

by the Members shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman

nor such other Member (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed

for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Members present shall elect one of their

number to be chairman.

26. Not used.

27. A Director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a Member, be entitled to attend and speak

at any general meeting.

28. The chairman may, with the consent of a majority of the Members at a meeting at which

a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from

time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any

adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted

at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for

fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the

time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be

transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.

29. A resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless

before, or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands, a poll is duly demanded.

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006, a poll may be demanded:-

(a) by the chairman; or

(b) by at least two Members having the right to vote at the meeting; or,

(c) by a Member or Members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting

rights of all the Members having the right to vote at the meeting.

30. Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been

carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a

particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be

conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes

recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

31. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn, before the poll is taken, but only with the

consent of the chairman. The withdrawal of a demand for a poll shall not invalidate the

result of a show of hands declared before the demand for the poll was made.

32. A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need

not be Members) and fix a time, date and place for declaring the results. The result of

the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was

demanded.

33. A poll demanded on the election of the chairman or on a question of adjournment shall

be taken immediately. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either

immediately or at such time, date and place as the chairman directs not being more than

thirty days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent

continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on

which the poll is demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of

a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the

demand had not been made.

34. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately if the time and place at which it

is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In other cases at

least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the

poll is to be taken.

35. A resolution in writing agreed by such number of members as required if it had been

proposed at a general meeting shall be as effectual as if it had been passed at a

general meeting duly convened and held provided that a copy of the proposed

resolution has been sent to every Member. The resolution may consist of several

instruments in the like form each agreed by one or more Members.

**VOTES OF MEMBERS** 

36. On the show of hands every Member present in person shall have one vote. On a poll

every Member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote.

37. Not used.

38. No Member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all moneys then

payable by him to the Company have been paid.

39. No objections shall be raised to the qualification of any person to vote at any general

meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is

tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection

made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and

conclusive.

18 September 2012 V1 31926/2/210513153922.docx

<ul> <li>40. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, signed by or on behalf of the appointer and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may approve)  "I/We,, of, being a Member/Members of the above named Company, hereby appoint of, or in his absence, of as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting; general meeting of the Company to be held on20[], and at any adjournment thereof.  Signed on20[]"</li> <li>41. Where it is desired to afford Members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may approve)-  "I/We,, of, being a Member/Members of the above-named Company, hereby appoint of, or in his absence, of, as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting/ general meeting of the Company, to be held on 20[], and at any adjournment thereof.  This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:  Resolution No. 1 *for * against</li> <li>Resolution No. 2 *for * against</li> <li>Strike out whichever is not desired.</li> <li>Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting. Signed on 20[]"</li> <li>42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members may -</li> </ul>		
hereby appoint of, or in his absence, of as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting, general meeting of the Company to be held on20[ ], and at any adjournment thereof.  Signed on 20[ ]"  41. Where it is desired to afford Members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may approve)-  "I/We,, of, being a Member/Members of the above-named Company, hereby appoint of, or in his absence, of, as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting/ general meeting of the Company, to be held on 20[ ], and at any adjournment thereof.  This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:  Resolution No. 1 *for * against  Resolution No. 2 *for * against.  • Strike out whichever is not desired.  Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.  Signed on 20[ ]"  42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members	40.	appointer and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may
<ul> <li>41. Where it is desired to afford Members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may approve)-  "I/We,, of, being a Member/Members of the above-named Company, hereby appoint of, or in his absence, of, as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting/ general meeting of the Company, to be held on 20[ ], and at any adjournment thereof.  This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:  Resolution No. 1 *for * against  Resolution No. 2 *for * against.  • Strike out whichever is not desired.  Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.  Signed on 20[ ]"  42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members</li> </ul>		hereby appoint of, or in his absence, of as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting, general meeting of the Company to be held on20[], and at any adjournment
shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may approve)-  "I/We,, of, being a Member/Members of the above-named Company, hereby appoint of, or in his absence, of, as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting/ general meeting of the Company, to be held on 20[ ], and at any adjournment thereof.  This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:  Resolution No. 1 *for * against  Resolution No. 2 *for * against.  • Strike out whichever is not desired.  Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.  Signed on 20[ ]"  42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members		Signed on 20[ ]"
hereby appoint of, or in his absence, of, as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting/ general meeting of the Company, to be held on 20[], and at any adjournment thereof.  This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:  Resolution No. 1 *for * against  Resolution No. 2 *for * against.  • Strike out whichever is not desired.  Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.  Signed on 20[]"  42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members	41.	shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the
Resolution No. 1 *for * against  Resolution No. 2 *for * against.  • Strike out whichever is not desired.  Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.  Signed on 20[ ]"  42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members		hereby appoint of, or in his absence, of, as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting/ general
Resolution No. 2 *for * against.  • Strike out whichever is not desired.  Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.  Signed on 20[]"  42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members		This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:
<ul> <li>Strike out whichever is not desired.</li> <li>Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.</li> <li>Signed on 20[]"</li> <li>The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members</li> </ul>		Resolution No. 1 *for * against
Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.  Signed on 20[]"  42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members		Resolution No. 2 *for * against.
Signed on 20[]"  42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members		Strike out whichever is not desired.
42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members		Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.
of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members		Signed on 20[ ]"
	42.	of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Members

(a) be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is

specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out

by the Company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for

holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the

instrument proposes to vote, or

(b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, be deposited as

aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the

time appointed for the taking of the poll;

(c) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was

demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the

chairman or to the Secretary or to any Director;

and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted

shall be invalid.

43. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a

corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of

the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received

by the Company at the office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was

duly deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which

the vote given or the poll demanded or (or in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on

the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the

poll.

44. Any organisation which is a Member of the Company may by resolution of its board of

directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its

representative at any meeting of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be

entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the organisation which he represents

as that organisation could exercise if it were an individual Member of the Company.

**DIRECTORS** 

45. The number of Directors shall be not less than three, but (unless otherwise determined

by ordinary resolution) shall not be subject to any maximum.

46. Subject to Articles 48-49 and 63, the Company shall have the following Directors:

Such number of Foundation Directors (being not less than five) appointed under a.

18 September 2012 V1 31926/2/210513153922.docx VN 1 210513 15-39-00

Article 50 one of whom shall be nominated by The King's College of Our Lady of

Eton beside Windsor;

b. Not used;

c. Academy Directors appointed under Article 51 or Article 52:

d. The Chief Executive Officer (if appointed)

e. Parent Directors if appointed under Articles 53 – 56 in the event that no provision is

made for parent representatives on Local Governing Bodies under Article 101A;

f. Any Additional Directors, if appointed under Article 61, 61A or 67A;

g. Any Further Directors, if appointed under Article 62 or Article 67A; and

h. Up to 2 Directors, if appointed by the Secretary of State in accordance with the

terms of any of the Relevant Funding Agreements following the provision of a

notice by the Company to terminate that Relevant Funding Agreement.

47. The Company may also have any Co-opted Director appointed under Article 58.

48. The first Directors shall be those persons named in the statement delivered pursuant

to sections 9 and 12 of the Companies Act 2006.

49. Future Directors shall be appointed or elected, as the case may be, under these

Articles. Where it is not possible for such a Director to be appointed or elected due to

the fact that an Academy has not yet been established, then the relevant Article or part

thereof shall not apply.

**APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS** 

50. The Members shall appoint such number of Foundation Directors (not being less than

five) as shall ensure that there are at all times at least two more Foundation Directors

than the combined number of other Directors (including Co-opted Directors).

50A. Not used.

50B. Not used.

**ACADEMY DIRECTORS** 

- 51. Subject to Article 52, the chairman of each Local Governing Body shall be an Academy Director for as long as he remains in office as such and shall be appointed by the Directors of the Company but they shall appoint as the chairman of a Local Governing Body someone other than the Chief Executive Officer.
- 52. The Members shall direct how many chairmen of Local Governing Bodies may serve at any time as Academy Directors under Article 51 and shall determine an appropriate balance between any secondary and primary Academies. The Members may direct that an election should be held to decide which chairmen of Local Governing Bodies should be appointed as Academy Directors. Any person elected in accordance with this Article shall only remain an Academy Director for as long as he remains chairman of a Local Governing Body. The Directors shall make all necessary arrangements for, and determine all other matters relating to, the election of the Academy Directors in accordance with this Article. Any election of the Academy Directors which is contested shall be held by secret ballot.
- 53. In circumstances where the Directors have not appointed Local Governing Bodies in respect of the Academies as envisaged in Article 101A there shall be a minimum of 2 Parent Directors and otherwise such number as the Directors shall decide who shall be appointed or elected in accordance with Articles 54 56.
- 54. Parent Directors shall be elected by the parents of registered pupils at one of the Academies and must be a parent at the time when he is elected.
- 54A. Notwithstanding Article 53, if no parents put themselves forward for election the number of Parent Directors required need not be made up by Parent Directors appointed by the Directors.
- 55. The Directors shall make all necessary arrangements for, and determine all other matters relating to, an election of the Parent Directors, including any question of whether a person is a parent of a registered pupil at one of the Academies. Any election of the Parent Directors which is contested shall be held by secret ballot.
- 56. In appointing a Parent Director the Directors shall appoint a person who is the parent of a registered pupil at an Academy; or where it is not reasonably practical to do so, a person who is the parent of a child of compulsory school age.

**CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER** 

57. The Chief Executive Officer shall be a Director for as long as he remains in office as

such.

**CO-OPTED DIRECTORS** 

58. The Directors appointed under Article 50 with the consent of the Diocesan Board of

Education and the Members may appoint up to 2 Co-opted Directors for such term (not

exceeding four years) and otherwise upon such conditions as they shall think fit. A

'Co-opted Director' means a person who is appointed to be a Director by being Co-

opted by Directors who have not themselves been so appointed. The Directors may

not co-opt an employee of the Company as a Co-opted Director if thereby the number

of Directors who are employees of the Company would exceed one third of the total

number of Directors including the Chief Executive Officer.

APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL DIRECTORS

59. The Secretary of State may give a warning notice to the Directors (which he shall

copy to the Diocesan Board of Education) where he is satisfied—

i) that the standards of performance of pupils at any of the Academies are

unacceptably low, or

ii) that there has been a serious breakdown in the way any of the Academies are

managed or governed, or

iii) that the safety of pupils or staff of any of the Academies is threatened (whether

by a breakdown of discipline or otherwise).

60. For the purposes of Article 59 a 'warning notice' is a notice in writing by the Secretary

of State to the Company delivered to the Office setting out—

the matters referred to in Article 59; (a)

(b) the action which he requires the Directors to take in order to remedy those matters;

and

(c) the period within which that action is to be taken by the Directors ('the compliance

period').

18 September 2012 V1

61. The Secretary of State may appoint such Additional Directors as he thinks fit (after

consultation with the Diocesan Board of Education) if the Secretary of State has:

(a) given the Directors a warning notice in accordance with Article 59; and

(b) the Directors have failed to comply, or secure compliance, with the notice to

the Secretary of State's satisfaction within the compliance period.

61A. The Secretary of State may also appoint such Additional Directors (after consultation

with the Diocesan Board of Education) where following an Inspection by the Chief

Inspector in accordance with the Education Act 2005 (an "Inspection") an Academy

receives an Ofsted grading (being a grade referred to in The Framework for School

Inspection or any modification or replacement of that document for the time being in

force) which amounts to a drop, either from one Inspection to the next Inspection or

between any two Inspections carried out within a 5 year period, of two Ofsted grades.

For the purposes of the foregoing the grade received by the predecessor school as

defined in the Relevant Funding Agreement shall be regarded as the grade received by

the Academy.

62. The Secretary of State may also appoint such Further Directors as he thinks fit (after

consultation with the Diocesan Board of Education) if a Special Measures Termination

Event (as defined in the Relevant Funding Agreement) occurs in respect of any

Academy.

63. Within 5 days of the Secretary of State appointing any Additional or Further Directors in

accordance with Articles 61, 61A or 62, any Directors appointed under Article 50, 50A,

50B, 51, 52, 53, 58 and holding office immediately preceding the appointment of such

Directors, shall resign immediately and the Directors power to appoint Directors under

Article 50, 50A, 50B, 51, 52, 53 and 58 shall remain suspended until the Secretary of

State removes one or more of the Additional or Further Directors.

**TERM OF OFFICE** 

64. The term of office for any Director (other than Co-opted Directors under Article 58)

shall be 4 years, save that this time limit shall not apply to the Chief Executive Officer.

Subject to remaining eligible to be a particular type of Director, any Director may be

re-appointed or re-elected.

**RESIGNATION AND REMOVAL** 

65. A Director shall cease to hold office if he resigns his office by notice to the Company

(but only if at least three Directors will remain in office when the notice of resignation

is to take effect).

66. A Director shall cease to hold office if he is removed by the person or persons who

appointed him. This Article does not apply in respect of a Parent Director or Academy

Director.

67. Where a Director resigns his office or is removed from office, the Director or, where he

is removed from office, those removing him, shall give written notice thereof to the

Secretary.

67A. Where an Additional or Further Director appointed pursuant to Articles 61, 61A or 62

ceases to hold office as a Director for any reason, other than being removed by the

Secretary of State, the Secretary of State shall be entitled to appoint an Additional or

Further Director in his place.

**DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS** 

68. No person shall be qualified to be a Director unless he is aged 18 or over at the date

of his election or appointment. No current pupil of any of the Academies shall be a

Director.

69. A Director shall cease to hold office if he becomes incapable by reason of mental

disorder, illness or injury of managing or administering his own affairs.

70. A Director shall cease to hold office if he is absent without the permission of the

Directors from all their meetings held within a period of six months and the Directors

resolve that his office be vacated.

71. A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as a Director if—

(a) his estate has been sequestrated and the sequestration has not been discharged,

annulled or reduced; or

(b) he is the subject of a bankruptcy restrictions order or an interim order.

72. A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as a Director at

any time when he is subject to a disqualification order or a disqualification undertaking

under the Company Directors Disqualification Act 1986 or to an order made under

section 429(2)(b) of the Insolvency Act 1986 (failure to pay under county court

administration order).

73. A Director shall cease to hold office if he ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision

in the Companies Act 2006 or is disqualified from acting as a trustee by virtue of section

72 of the Charities Act 1993 (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that

provision).

74. A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as a Director if

he has been removed from the office of charity trustee or trustee for a charity by an order

made by the Charity Commission or the High Court on the grounds of any misconduct

or mismanagement in the administration of the charity for which he was responsible or

to which he was privy, or which he by his conduct contributed to or facilitated.

75. A person shall be disqualified from holding or from continuing to hold office as a Director

at any time when he is:

included in the list kept by the Secretary of State under section 1 of the (a)

Protection of Children Act 1999; or

disqualified from working with children in accordance with Section 35 of the (b)

Criminal Justice and Court Services Act 2000; or

barred from regulated activity relating to children (within the meaning of section (c)

3(2) of the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006).

76. A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as a Director if he

is a person in respect of whom a direction has been made under section 142 of the

Education Act 2002 or is subject to any prohibition or restriction which takes effect as if

contained in such a direction.

77. A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as a Director

where he has, at any time, been convicted of any criminal offence, excluding any that

have been spent under the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 as amended, and

excluding any offence for which the maximum sentence is a fine or a lesser sentence

except where a person has been convicted of any offence which falls under section 72

of the Charities Act 1993.

After the first Academy has opened, a person shall be disqualified from holding or

18 September 2012 V1 31926/2/210513153922.docx

continuing to hold office as a Director if he has not provided to the chairman of the

Directors a criminal records certificate at an enhanced disclosure level under section

113B of the Police Act 1997. In the event that the certificate discloses any information

which would in the opinion of either the chairman or the Chief Executive Officer confirm

their unsuitability to work with children that person shall be disqualified. If a dispute

arises as to whether a person shall be disqualified, a referral shall be made to the

Secretary of State to determine the matter. The determination of the Secretary of State

shall be final.

79. Where, by virtue of these Articles a person becomes disqualified from holding, or

continuing to hold office as a Director; and he is, or is proposed, to become such a

Director, he shall upon becoming so disqualified give written notice of that fact to the

Secretary.

80. Articles 68 to 79 and Articles 97-98 also apply to any member of any committee of the

Directors, including a Local Governing Body, who is not a Director.

SECRETARY TO THE DIRECTORS

81. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration

and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any Secretary so appointed may

be removed by them. The Secretary shall not be a Director, or a Principal.

Notwithstanding this Article, the Directors may, where the Secretary fails to attend a

meeting of theirs, appoint any one of their number or any other person to act as

Secretary for the purposes of that meeting.

CHAIRMAN AND VICE-CHAIRMAN OF THE DIRECTORS

82. The Directors shall each school year elect a chairman and a vice-chairman from

among their number. A Director who is employed by the Company shall not be eligible

for election as chairman or vice-chairman.

83. Subject to Article 84, the chairman or vice-chairman shall hold office as such until his

successor has been elected in accordance with Article 85.

84. The chairman or vice-chairman may at any time resign his office by giving notice in

writing to the Secretary. The chairman or vice-chairman shall cease to hold office if—

(a) he ceases to be a Director;

(b) he is employed by the Company;

(c) he is removed from office in accordance with these Articles; or

(d) in the case of the vice-chairman, he is elected in accordance with these Articles to

fill a vacancy in the office of chairman.

85. Where by reason of any of the matters referred to in Article 84, a vacancy arises in the

office of chairman or vice-chairman, the Directors shall at their next meeting elect one of

their number to fill that vacancy.

86. Where the chairman is absent from any meeting or there is at the time a vacancy in the

office of the chairman, the vice-chairman shall act as the chair for the purposes of the

meeting.

87. Where in the circumstances referred to in Article 86 the vice-chairman is also absent

from the meeting or there is at the time a vacancy in the office of vice-chairman, the

Directors shall elect one of their number to act as a chairman for the purposes of that

meeting, provided that the Director elected shall not be a person who is employed by the

Company.

88. The Secretary shall act as chairman during that part of any meeting at which the

chairman is elected.

89. Any election of the chairman or vice-chairman which is contested shall be held by secret

ballot.

90. The Directors may remove the chairman or vice-chairman from office in accordance with

these Articles.

91. A resolution to remove the chairman or vice-chairman from office which is passed at a

meeting of the Directors shall not have effect unless-

i) it is confirmed by a resolution passed at a second meeting of the Directors held not

less than fourteen days after the first meeting; and

ii) the matter of the chairman's or vice-chairman's removal from office is specified as

an item of business on the agenda for each of those meetings.

92. Before the Directors resolve at the relevant meeting on whether to confirm the resolution

to remove the chairman or vice-chairman from office, the Director or Directors proposing

his removal shall at that meeting state their reasons for doing so and the chairman or

vice-chairman shall be given an opportunity to make a statement in response.

**POWERS OF DIRECTORS** 

93. Subject to provisions of the Companies Act 2006, the Articles and to any directions

given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the

Directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the

Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would

have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been

given. The powers given by this Article shall not be limited by any special power given

to the Directors by the Articles and a meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present

may exercise all the powers exercisable by the Directors.

94. In addition to all powers hereby expressly conferred upon them and without detracting

from the generality of their powers under the Articles the Directors shall have the

following powers, namely:

(a) to expend the funds of the Company in such manner as they shall consider

most beneficial for the achievement of the Object and to invest in the name of

the Company such part of the funds as they may see fit and to direct the sale

or transposition of any such investments and to expend the proceeds of any

such sale in furtherance of the Object;

(b) to enter into contracts on behalf of the Company.

95. In the exercise of their powers and functions, the Directors may consider any advice

given by the Chief Executive Officer and any other executive officer.

96. Any bank account in which any money of the Company is deposited shall be operated

by the Directors in the name of the Company. All cheques and orders for the payment

of money from such an account shall be signed by at least two signatories authorised by

the Directors.

**CONFLICTS OF INTEREST** 

97. Any Director who has or can have any direct or indirect duty or personal interest (including

but not limited to any Personal Financial Interest) which conflicts or may conflict with his

duties as a Director shall disclose that fact to the Directors as soon as he becomes aware

of it. A Director must absent himself from any discussions of the Directors in which it is

possible that a conflict will arise between his duty to act solely in the interests of the

Company and any duty or personal interest (including but not limited to any Personal

Financial Interest).

98. For the purpose of Article 97, a Director has a Personal Financial Interest in the

employment or remuneration of, or the provision of any other benefit to, that Director as

permitted by and as defined by Articles 6.5-6.9.

THE MINUTES

99. The minutes of the proceedings of a meeting of the Directors shall be drawn up and

entered into a book kept for the purpose by the person acting as Secretary for the

purposes of the meeting; and shall be signed (subject to the approval of the Directors)

at the same or next subsequent meeting by the person acting as chairman thereof. The

minutes shall include a record of:

(a) all appointments of officers made by the Directors; and

(b) all proceedings at meetings of the Company and of the Directors and of committees

of Directors including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting.

**COMMITTEES** 

100. Subject to these Articles, the Directors:

may appoint separate committees to be known as Local Governing Bodies for

each Academy; and

b) may establish any other committee.

101. Subject to these Articles, the constitution, membership and proceedings of any

committee shall be determined by the Directors. The establishment, terms of reference,

constitution and membership of any committee of the Directors shall be reviewed at least

once in every twelve months. The membership of any committee of the Directors may

include persons who are not Directors, provided that (with the exception of the Local

Governing Bodies) a majority of members of any such committee shall be Directors.

Except in the case of a Local Governing Body, no vote on any matter shall be taken at a

meeting of a committee of the Directors unless the majority of members of the committee

18 September 2012 V1 31926/2/210513153922.docx VN 1 210513 15-39-00

present are Directors.

101A. The Directors shall ensure that any Local Governing Body shall include at least 2

elected representatives of the parents of pupils attending the relevant Academy

102. The power of delegation exercised under Article 105 in relation to the establishment of

a Local Governing Body for an Academy shall be by way of Scheme of Delegation.

103. Not used

104. The functions and proceedings of the Local Governing Bodies shall be subject to

regulations made by the Directors from time to time.

**DELEGATION** 

105. The Directors may delegate to any Director, committee (including any Local Governing

Body), the Chief Executive Officer or any other holder of an executive office, such of

their powers or functions as they consider desirable to be exercised by them. Any such

delegation shall be made subject to any conditions the Directors may impose, and may

be revoked or altered.

106. Where any power or function of the Directors has been exercised by any committee

(including any Local Governing Body), any Director, the Chief Executive Officer or any

other holder of an executive office, that person or committee shall report to the

Directors in respect of any action taken or decision made with respect to the exercise

of that power or function at the meeting of the Directors immediately following the

taking of the action or the making of the decision.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, PRINCIPALS AND STAFF

107. The Directors, (with the consent of the Diocesan Board of Education) shall appoint the

Chief Executive Officer and the Principals of the Academies. The Directors may

delegate such powers and functions as they consider are required by the Chief

Executive Officer and Principals for the internal organisation, management and control

of the Academies (including the implementation of all policies approved by the

Directors and for the direction of the teaching and curriculum at the Academies).

107A. In appointing staff the Directors will have regard to their powers under s124A of the

18 September 2012 V1 31926/2/210513153922.docx

School Standards and Framework Act 1998 and to their power to declare a Genuine

Occupational Requirement for non-teaching appointments where they believe this to

be justified.

**MEETINGS OF THE DIRECTORS** 

108. Subject to these Articles, the Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit.

109. The Directors shall hold at least three meetings in every school year. Meetings of the

Directors shall be convened by the Secretary. In exercising his functions under this

Article the Secretary shall comply with any direction—

a. given by the Directors; or

b. given by the chairman of the Directors or, in his absence or where there is a

vacancy in the office of chairman, the vice-chairman of the Directors, so far as such

direction is not inconsistent with any direction given as mentioned in (a).

110. Any three Directors may, by notice in writing given to the Secretary, requisition a meeting

of the Directors; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary to convene such a meeting as

soon as is reasonably practicable.

111. Each Director shall be given at least fourteen clear days before the date of a meeting -

i) notice in writing thereof, signed by the Secretary, and sent to each Director at the

address provided by each Director from time to time; and

ii) a copy of the agenda for the meeting;

provided that where the chairman or, in his absence or where there is a vacancy in the

office of chairman, the vice-chairman, so determines on the ground that there are matters

demanding urgent consideration, it shall be sufficient if the written notice of a meeting,

and the copy of the agenda thereof are given within such shorter period as he directs.

112. The convening of a meeting and the proceedings conducted thereat shall not be

invalidated by reason of any individual not having received written notice of the meeting

or a copy of the agenda thereof.

113. A resolution to rescind or vary a resolution carried at a previous meeting of the Directors

shall not be proposed at a meeting of the Directors unless the consideration of the

rescission or variation of the previous resolution is a specific item of business on the

agenda for that meeting.

114. A meeting of the Directors shall be terminated forthwith if—

(a) the Directors so resolve; or

(b) the number of Directors present ceases to constitute a quorum for a meeting of the

Directors in accordance with Article 117, subject to Article 119.

115. Where in accordance with Article 114 a meeting is not held or is terminated before all

the matters specified as items of business on the agenda for the meeting have been

disposed of, a further meeting shall be convened by the Secretary as soon as is

reasonably practicable, but in any event within seven days of the date on which the

meeting was originally to be held or was so terminated.

116. Where the Directors resolve in accordance with Article 114 to adjourn a meeting before

all the items of business on the agenda have been disposed of, the Directors shall before

doing so determine the time and date at which a further meeting is to be held for the

purposes of completing the consideration of those items, and they shall direct the

Secretary to convene a meeting accordingly.

117. Subject to Article 119 the quorum for a meeting of the Directors, and any vote on any

matter thereat, shall be any three Directors, or, where greater, any one third (rounded

up to a whole number) of the total number of Directors holding office at the date of the

meeting. If the Secretary of State has appointed Additional or Further Directors then a

majority of the quorum must be made up of Additional or Further Directors.

118. The Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number, but, if the numbers

of Directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing Directors may

act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.

119. The quorum for the purposes of—

(a) Not used;

(b) any vote on the removal of a Director in accordance with Article 66;

(c) any vote on the removal of the chairman of the Directors in accordance with Article

90;

shall be any two-thirds (rounded up to a whole number) of the persons who are at the

time Directors entitled to vote on those respective matters.

120. Subject to these Articles, every question to be decided at a meeting of the Directors shall

be determined by a majority of the votes of the Directors present and voting on the

question. Every Director shall have one vote.

121. Subject to Articles 117-119, where there is an equal division of votes, the chairman of

the meeting shall have a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.

122. The proceedings of the Directors shall not be invalidated by

a. any vacancy among their number; or

b. any defect in the election, appointment or nomination of any Director.

123. A resolution in writing, signed by all the Directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting

of Directors or of a committee of Directors, shall be valid and effective as if it had been

passed at a meeting of Directors or (as the case may be) a committee of Directors duly

convened and held. Such a resolution may consist of several documents in the same

form, each signed by one or more of the Directors.

124. Subject to Article 125, the Directors shall ensure that a copy of

a. the agenda for every meeting of the Directors;

b. the draft minutes of every such meeting, if they have been approved by the person

acting as chairman of that meeting;

c. the signed minutes of every such meeting; and

d. any report, document or other paper considered at any such meeting,

are, as soon as is reasonably practicable, made available at every Academy to persons

wishing to inspect them.

125. There may be excluded from any item required to be made available in pursuance of

Article 124, any material relating to—

a. a named teacher or other person employed, or proposed to be employed, at

18 September 2012 V1 31926/2/210513153922.docx

any Academy;

b. a named pupil at, or candidate for admission to, any Academy; and

c. any matter which, by reason of its nature, the Directors are satisfied should

remain confidential.

126. Any Director shall be able to participate in meetings of the Directors by telephone or

video conference provided that:

a. he has given notice of his intention to do so detailing the telephone number on

which he can be reached and/or appropriate details of the video conference

suite from which he shall be taking part at the time of the meeting at least 48

hours before the meeting; and,

b. the Directors have access to the appropriate equipment if after all reasonable

efforts it does not prove possible for the person to participate by telephone or

video conference the meeting may still proceed with its business provided it is

otherwise quorate.

PATRONS AND HONORARY OFFICERS

127. The Directors may from time to time appoint any person whether or not a Member of

the Company to be a patron of the Company or to hold any honorary office and may

determine for what period he is to hold such office.

THE SEAL

128. The seal, if any, shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee

of Directors authorised by the Directors. The Directors may determine who shall sign

any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall

be signed by a Director and by the Secretary or by a second Director.

**ACCOUNTS** 

129. Accounts shall be prepared in accordance with the relevant Statement of

Recommended Practice as if the Company was a non-exempt charity and Parts 15

and 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and shall file these with the Secretary of State and

the Principal Regulator by 31 December each Academy Financial Year.

**ANNUAL REPORT** 

130. The Directors shall prepare its Annual Report in accordance with the Statement of

Recommended Practice as if the Company was a non-exempt charity and shall file

these with the Secretary of State and the Principal Regulator by 31 December each

Academy Financial Year.

**ANNUAL RETURN** 

131. The Directors shall comply with their obligations under Part 24 of the Charities Act

2006 (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that Act) with regard to the

preparation of an annual return to the Registrar of Companies and in accordance with

the Statement of Recommended Practice as if the Company was a non-exempt charity

and to the Secretary of State and the Principal Regulator by 31 December each

Academy Financial Year.

**NOTICES** 

132. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the Articles (other than a notice

calling a meeting of the directors) shall be in writing or shall be given using electronic

communications to an address for the time being notified for that purpose to the person

giving the notice. In these Articles, "Address" in relation to electronic communications,

includes a number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

133. A notice may be given by the Company to a Member either personally or by sending it

by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the Member at his registered address or

by leaving it at that address or by giving it using electronic communications to an

address for the time being notified to the Company by the Member. A Member whose

registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the Company

an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him, or an

address to which notices may be sent using electronic communications, shall be

entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such Member

shall be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.

134. A Member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company shall

be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where necessary, of the

purposes for which it was called.

135. Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and

posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. Proof that a notice

contained in an electronic communication was sent in accordance with guidance

issued by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators shall be conclusive

evidence that the notice was given. A notice shall be deemed to be given at the

expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted or, in the case of a

notice contained in an electronic communication, at the expiration of 48 hours after the

time it was sent.

**INDEMNITY** 

136. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 every Director or other officer or

auditor of the Company and every member of any Local Governing Body shall be

indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in

that capacity in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment

is given in favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in

which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence, default, breach

of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Company.

**RULES** 

137. The Directors may from time to time with the consent of the Diocesan Board of Education

make such rules or bye laws as they may deem necessary or expedient or convenient

for the proper conduct and management of the Company, and in particular but without

prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, they may by such rules or bye laws regulate:

a. the setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the Company's premises

at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes;

b. the procedure at general meetings and meetings of the Directors and

committees of the Directors and meetings of the Local Governing Bodies in so

far as such procedure is not regulated by the Articles; and,

c. generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of company

rules.

138. The Company in general meeting shall have power to alter, add or to repeal the rules or

bye laws but only with the consent of the Diocesan Board of Education. Provided that

no rule or bye law shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or repeal anything contained

in the Articles.

**AVOIDING INFLUENCED COMPANY STATUS** 

139. Notwithstanding the number of Members from time to time, the maximum aggregate

number of votes exercisable by Local Authority Associated Persons shall never exceed

19.9% of the total number of votes exercisable by Members in general meeting and

the votes of the other Members having a right to vote at the meeting will be increased

on a pro-rata basis.

140. No person who is a Local Authority Associated Person may be appointed as a Director

if, once the appointment had taken effect, the number of Directors who are Local

Authority Associated Persons would represent 20% or more of the total number of

Directors. Upon any resolution put to the Directors, the maximum aggregate number

of votes exercisable by any Directors who are Local Authority Associated Persons shall

represent a maximum of 19.9% of the total number of votes cast by the Directors on

such a resolution and the votes of the other Directors having a right to vote at the

meeting will be increased on a pro-rata basis.

141. No person who is a Local Authority Associated Person is eligible to be appointed to

the office of Director unless his appointment to such office is authorised by the local

authority to which he is associated.

142. If at the time of either his becoming a Member of the Company or his first appointment

to office as a Director any Member or Director was not a Local Authority Associated

Person but later becomes so during his membership or tenure as a Director he shall

be deemed to have immediately resigned his membership and/or resigned from his

office as a Director as the case may be.

143. If at any time the number of Directors or Members who are also Local Authority

Associated Persons would (but for Articles 139 to 142 inclusive) represent 20% or

more of the total number of Directors or Members (as the case may be) then a sufficient

number of the Directors or Members (as the case may be) who are Local Authority

Associated Persons shall be deemed to have resigned as Directors or Members (as

the case may be) immediately before the occurrence of such an event to ensure that

at all times the number of such Directors or Members (as the case may be) is never

equal to or greater than 20% of the total number of Directors or Members (as the case

may be). Directors or Members (as the case may be) who are Local Authority

Associated Persons shall be deemed to have resigned in order of their appointment

date the most recently appointed resigning first.

144.	The Members will each notify the Company and each other if at any time they believe that the Company or any of its subsidiaries has become subject to the influence of a local authority (as described in section 69 of the Local Government and Housing Act).